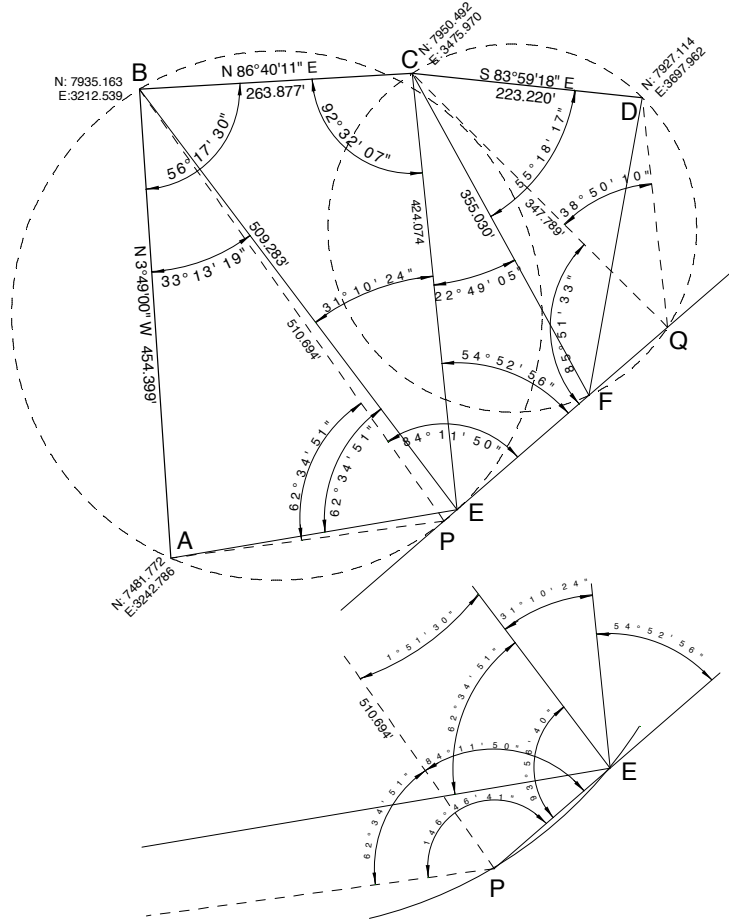


# Solution 248

by David Lindell, LS



Inverse between points A-B, B-C and C-D: N 3°49'00" W 454.399', N 86°40'11" E 263.877' and S 83°59'18" E 223.220' respectively. To draw this to scale, construct a circle through the ends of chord A-B with  $R = \frac{454.399}{2 \cdot \sin 62^\circ 34' 51''} = 255.953$  (so any point on its circumference will subtend chord A-B with an angle of 62°34'51").

Construct B-E so angle ABE equals 33°13'19", the supplement of angle APQ, and point E lies on the circle. Angle EPA = 146°46'41" (because it subtends the chord A-E but on the opposite side of angle ABE).

Construct another circle through the ends of chord C-D with  $R = \frac{223.220}{2 \cdot \sin 38^\circ 50' 10''} = 180.078$  (so any point on its circumference subtends chord C-D with an angle of 38°50'10").

Construct C-F so angle DCF equals 55°18'17", the supplement of angle DQP, and point F lies on the circle. Extend line E-F to intersect the circles in points P and Q.

In triangle ABE:  

$$\frac{454.399}{\sin 62^\circ 34' 51''} = \frac{EB}{\sin(180^\circ - 33^\circ 13' 19'' - 62^\circ 34' 51'')}, \text{ so } EB = 509.283$$

In triangle CDF:  

$$\frac{223.220}{\sin 38^\circ 50' 10''} = \frac{CF}{\sin(180^\circ - 55^\circ 18' 17'' - 38^\circ 50' 10'')}, \text{ and } CF = 355.030$$

In triangle BCE:  

$$CE^2 = 263.877^2 + 509.283^2 - (2)(263.877)(509.283)\cos 56^\circ 17' 30'', \text{ so } CE = 424.074$$

Also:  $\frac{\sin BEC}{263.877} = \frac{\sin BCE}{509.283} = \frac{\sin 56^\circ 17' 30''}{424.074}$  so that angle BEC = 31°10'24" and angle BCE = 92°32'07" (Don't forget to use the value over 90°).

In triangle CEF:  $EF^2 = 424.074^2 + 355.030^2 - (2)(424.074)(355.030)\cos 22^\circ 49' 05''$  from which  $EF = 168.322$  and  $\frac{\sin 22^\circ 49' 05''}{168.322} = \frac{\sin CFE}{424.074} = \frac{\sin CEF}{355.030}$ , so that angle CFE = 102°17'59" and angle CEF = 54°52'56"

Angle BAE = 180° - 33°13'19" - 62°34'51" = 84°11'50", angle BPE = 146°46'41" - 62°34'51" = 84°11'50" (which checks because they subtend the same chord, B-E).

In triangle BEP, angle BEP = 180° - 54°52'56" - 31°10'24" = 93°56'40" and angle PBE = 180° - 93°56'40" - 84°11'50" = 1°51'30"

and  $\frac{PE}{\sin 1^\circ 51' 30''} = \frac{509.283}{\sin 84^\circ 11' 50''} = \frac{BP}{\sin 93^\circ 56' 40''}$ , so that PE = 16.600 and BP = 510.694

In triangle CFQ, angle CFQ = 72°42'01", angle CQF = 85°51'33" so angle FCQ = 16°26'26"  

$$\frac{355.030}{\sin 85^\circ 51' 33''} = \frac{FQ}{\sin 16^\circ 26' 26''} = \frac{CQ}{\sin 77^\circ 42' 01''}, \text{ so } FQ = 100.747 \text{ and } CQ = 347.789$$

The azimuth of line B-P = 176°11'00" (azimuth of BA) - 33°13'19" + 1°51'30" = 144°49'11" and B to P is S 35°10'49" E 510.694', for point P = North 7517.751, East 3506.776

The azimuth of line CQ is 96°10'42" (azimuth of CD) + 55°18'17" - 16°26'26", and point Q is S 45°07'27" E 347.789' from point C, so point Q is North 7705.102, East 3722.426