

Solution to
Problem
132

by Dave Lindell, L.S.

An inverse from the calculated coordinates of point C shows line CA to be N 52°46'17" W 403.394' and line CB to be N 36°13'43" E 302.545'. The angle between these two bearings is 89°00'00", the "measured" angle entered by mistake.

By the Law of Cosines, the inversed distances yield:

$$\begin{aligned}(AB)^2 &= 403.394^2 + 302.545^2 - (2)(403.394)(302.545)\cos 89^\circ \\ &= 254,260.1963 - 4259.9522 \\ &= 250,000.244\end{aligned}$$

AB = 500.002, so the baseline distance still checks.

Using measured data for side lengths and the "measured" angle:

$$\begin{aligned}(AB)^2 &= 400.000^2 + 300.000^2 - (2)(400.000)(300.000)\cos 89^\circ \\ AB &= 495.7937\end{aligned}$$

Now $500.000 / 495.7937 = 1.008483912$

so that $1.008483912 \times 400.000 = 403.3936$ and $1.008483912 \times 300.000 = 302.5452$, the inversed values for the distances.

The program held the "measured" angle and scaled the distances to fit the baseline.

What would your program/calculator do?

Solution to
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by Benjamin Bloch, Ph.D.

You can immediately place any number in its single digit column. If you examine the **1** column you notice that each number in that column, 10, 19, 28, and 37, adds to **1** when you add their digits until you get a single digit. For example, there's the number 10 whose digits 1 and 0 add to **1**; the number 19 whose digits 1 and 9 add to **10**, whose digits 1 and 0 add to **1**; the number 28 whose digits add to 10 whose digits add to **1**. The final single digit we call the SDQ or single digit quality. Write this mathematically as $10 \Rightarrow 1$, $19 \Rightarrow 10 \Rightarrow 1$, $28 \Rightarrow 10 \Rightarrow 1$, and $37 \Rightarrow 10 \Rightarrow 1$.

a) The sum would be a number in the **5** column, since $3 + 2 = 5$.

b) $958,877,535 + 22,719,854 = ? 981,597,289$
Since $958,877,535 \Rightarrow 57 \Rightarrow 12 \Rightarrow 3$
And $22,719,854 \Rightarrow 38 \Rightarrow 11 \Rightarrow 2$
While $? 981,597,289 \Rightarrow 58 \Rightarrow 13 \Rightarrow 4$
Therefore $3 + 2 = 5 \neq 4$ and the sum $? 981,597,289$ is **incorrect**.

The correct answer is $958,877,535 + 22,719,854 = 981,597,389$.
 $981,597,389 \Rightarrow 59 \Rightarrow 14 \Rightarrow 5$
So that $3 + 2 = 5 = 5$.

c) $13.6005 + 12.02 + 9.21 = ? 34.7205$
Since $13.6005 \Rightarrow 15 \Rightarrow 6$
And $12.02 \Rightarrow 5$
And $9.21 \Rightarrow 12 \Rightarrow 3$
And $6 + 5 + 3 = 14 \Rightarrow 5$
While $? 34.7205 \Rightarrow 21 \Rightarrow 3$
Therefore $6 + 5 + 3 \Rightarrow 5 \neq 3$ and the sum $? 34.7205$ is **incorrect**.

The correct answer is $13.6005 + 12.02 + 9.21 = 34.8305$
 $34.8305 \Rightarrow 23 \Rightarrow 5$
So that $6 + 5 + 3 \Rightarrow 5 = 5$.